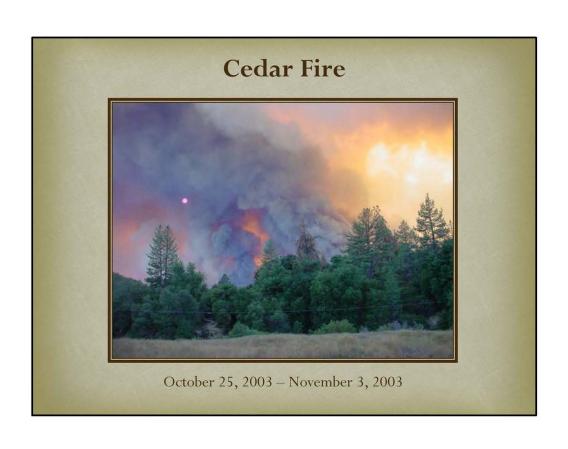
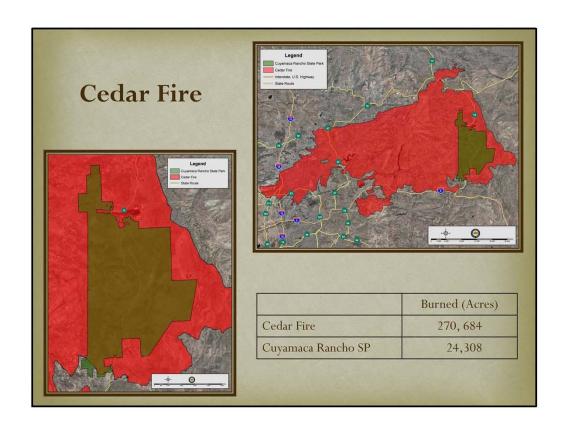


Information and data contained in this presentation are current as of October 3, 2012, and are based on information provided by the Colorado Desert District, the Southern Service Center, California State Parks data files, and previous work. All images and text are the property of California State Parks, unless otherwise noted.





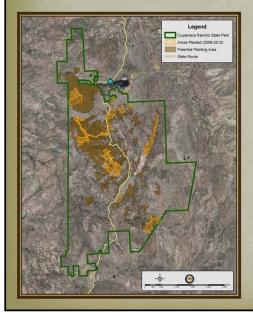
### **Post Cedar Fire**



- Approximately 300 acres or 1% of the park was left unburned.
- Over 95% of the conifers and 17% of the oaks were killed.
- Cone-producing tree canopy was virtually destroyed.
- Seed cone survival was extremely low in most areas of the park.



# **Reforestation Project**



	Acres
Areas Planted (2008-2012)	1,054
Target Acreage to be Replanted*	2,530

\*Plantings will occur in areas occupied by pre-fire mixed conifer forest habitat. Total targeted reforested acreage will be approximately 10% of the park.

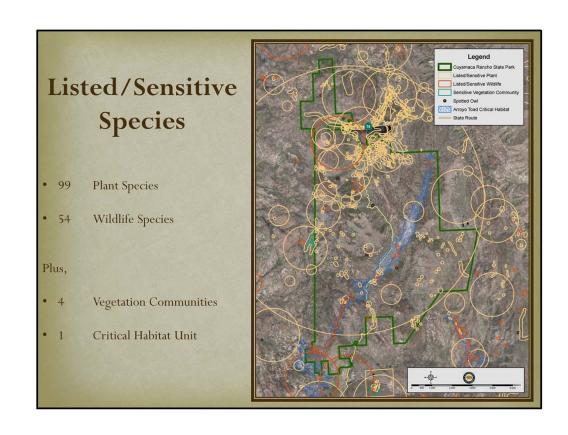
Native Species Planted	Percentage
Jeffrey Pine (Pinus jeffreyi)	65
Coulter Pine (Pinus coulteri)	15
Sugar Pine (Pinus lambertiana)	8
White Fir (Abies concolor)	7
Incense Cedar (Calocedrus decurrens)	5

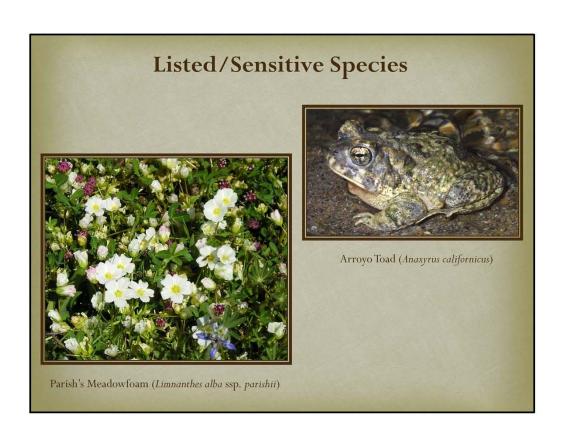
# **Vegetation Communities**

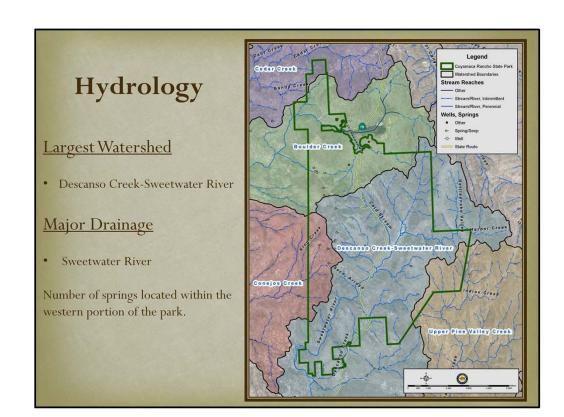
#### Rapid Assessment Method

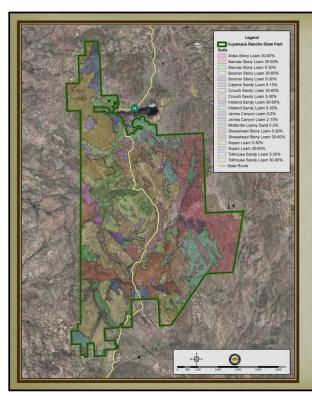
- Use Infrared Imagery
- Perform Preliminary Classification
- Conduct Field Review/Surveys
- Verify/Reclassify Vegetation Types









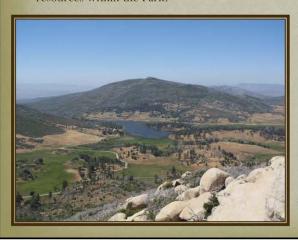


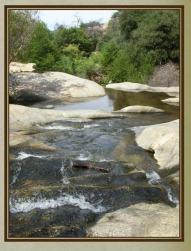
## Soils

- Diversity of soils within the park.
- Highly erodible surface soils.
- Vegetation is crucial to maintaining soil stability.

### **Natural Resource Issues**

- Accommodating visitor usage and access, while affording protection to natural resources.
- Obtaining an updated inventory of natural resources within the Park.





 Managing natural resources in the aftermath of the Cedar Fire.

